

# Midterm 1 Study Guide

Comp 112 Wesleyan University

## Concepts

- Numerical Expressions
  - numerical types (**int**, **float**)
  - numerical values and notation (e.g. 7 vs. 7.0)
  - numerical operators (+, -, \*, //, %, \*\*)
  - numerical comparisons (<, >, <=, >=, ==, !=)
- Booleans
  - boolean type (**bool**)
  - boolean values and notation (**True**, **False**)
  - boolean operators (**and**, **or**, **not**)
- Variables
  - assignment (e.g. **x** = 3 \* 4)
  - reassignment (e.g. **x** = **x** + 2)
  - augmented assignment (e.g. **x** += 2)
- Functions
  - type coercion functions (**int**, **float**, **bool**, **str**)
  - the **print** and **input** functions for interacting with the user.
  - function arguments and calling syntax
  - function parameters and defining syntax
  - semantic indentation
  - function signatures
  - variable tables
  - local vs. global variables
  - **return** statements
  - **returning** vs. **printing** a value
- Flow Control
  - **if** statements (**if**, **elif** and **else** clauses)
  - **while** loops
  - **for** loops

- Strings
  - string type (**str**)
  - string values and notation (e.g. `'hello'` and `"hi"`)
  - string operators: concatenation (+), repetition (\*) and substring (**in**)
  - string indexing (e.g. `'hello'[2]`)
  - string slicing (e.g. `'hello'[1:-1]`)
  - string methods (e.g. `lower`, `isalpha`)
  - string comparisons (<, >, etc.)

## Skills

- Writing Python expressions and statements based on an English description.
- Writing short Python functions based on an English description.
- Reading a short excerpt of a Python program and determining the value and any effects resulting from running it.
- Understanding the role of parameter variables and return statements in a function definition.
- Distinguishing between a value returned by a function and information displayed to the screen by it using **print**.
- Distinguishing between an argument to a function and input obtained from the keyboard by it using **input**.
- Understanding how to use a boolean expression as a branch or loop guard.
- Writing syntactically correct conditionals and loops.
- Writing **while** and **for** loops over the characters in a string.
- Writing a boolean valued function (i.e. “predicate”) for validating user input.
- Understanding method syntax for calling functions (e.g. `'Hi!'.lower()`)

## Sources

Material covered by the midterm exam will be drawn from the course lectures, lab activities, homework assignments and readings. In particular, you may want to consult:

- the lecture slides (<http://emorehouse.web.wesleyan.edu/teaching/2017/spring/compl12/>)
- the lab activity descriptions (see the Moodle page for your section)
- the homework exercises and solutions (see the Moodle page for your section)
- the textbook (<http://greenteapress.com/wp/think-python-2e/> with specific readings listed on the slides for each lecture)